

CHINA MAIL

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THUNDERBOLTS GO INTO ACTION

BATAVIA, NOV. 21.—SIX THUNDERBOLT FIGHTER PLANES YESTERDAY BOMBED THE ROADWAYS INTO SEMARANG, WHICH HAVE BEEN BLOCKED BY INDONESIAN NATIONALISTS. IT WAS THE FIRST AERIAL OFFENSIVE AGAINST THE CITY IN THE CURRENT STRIFE. INDONESIAN HAD BARRICADED THE MAIN LANE ACROSS THREE ROADS WHICH FORMED THE ONLY CONTACT BETWEEN TWO INDIAN FORCES WHICH WERE ATTEMPTING TO JOIN EACH OTHER AGAINST STIFF RESISTANCE.

MUST TAKE A LITTLE TIME

WASHINGTON, NOV. 21.—PRESIDENT TRUMAN, AT HIS PRESS CONFERENCE TODAY, EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THAT THERE WOULD BE PERMANENT PEACE IN THE WORLD. HE DECLARED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS WERE ON THE THRESHOLD OF THE GREATEST AGE OF MAN.

"The world must take permanent peace and must grasp the opportunity offered it," he said. "The alternative was total destruction. He made this statement when he was asked to comment on the troubled state of world affairs, particularly in China, Java and Persia."

Stressing the need for the establishment of the United Nations, he said that the President admitted that this would take a little time and necessitate an exchange of views.

The present international troubles were due to the fact that most of the countries were concentrating on national problems, rather than on their own affairs. Reuter.

Queen Wilhelmina On N.E.I.

Amsterdam, Nov. 21.—Urging unity between her home and colonial peoples, Queen Wilhelmina told the Netherlands Provisional Government today, "We do not plan any act of revenge nor establishment of colonial domination" in Indonesia.

She said she would continue to sponsor a speedy meeting of an Empire conference to give individual self-government to parts of the Empire through constitutional means.

She said the Government would continue to try to salvage Java's future for both the Dutch and the Indonesians. "A future commonwealth built on the voluntarily accepted solidarity of all parts of the Empire," Associated Press.

Goebbels Was In Her Rooms

PRAGUE, NOV. 20.—WHEN LIDA BAKOVA (REAL NAME LUDMILA BAKOVA) WAS BORN IN PRAGUE, HER DOMINATING MOTHER WAS DETERMINED THAT SHE SHOULD GROW INTO A RADIANT SOMEBODY.

Lida became one in motion pictures. Seven years ago she was the centre of an international incident, when gothic little Paul Joseph Goebbels was beaten up (either by her burly husband, Gustav Frohlich, or by friends of his) for being entertained in Lida's chambers.

Berliners coined a crack: "Ich mochte so gern Frohlich sehen, welcher mich either 'I wish I were happy' or 'I wish I were Frohlich'."

In Prague yesterday Lida was indicted by the People's Court as a traitor to Czechoslovakia. She had been captured in Munich, dressed plainly in brown costume, hat to match. It was the dress in which she planned to marry a GI; thus escape Czech justice.—Associated Press.

STILL COMING IN

Manila, Nov. 21.—Recalcitrant Japanese are still being discovered in Okinawa. Sergeant Kono Miyahiro, Japanese-American, brought in forty Nipponese on November 11.—Associated Press.

Don't Know War Is Over

Manila, Nov. 21.—The Manila "Chronicle" reported today three Filipino soldiers were killed and two wounded when Japanese troops overcame a truck near Baguio. Two other Filipino soldiers are missing.

An estimated 1,700 Japanese are reported to still be in the wild, mountainous jungle area of north central Luzon. Patrols are continuing seeking them.—Associated Press.

THE REAL QUESTION

LONDON, NOV. 21.—THE REAL QUESTION IS NOT WHICH FEW INDUSTRIES ARE GOING TO BE NATIONALISED BUT HOW BOTH NATIONALISED AND NON-NATIONALISED INDUSTRIES ARE TO OPERATE TO MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY.

If the Opposition would let it, the Government would probably be glad to adopt a policy of dropping the whole nationalisation idea excepting the few industries already nationalised.

By saving time on long range policy, the Government could then devote its desperately needed time to the immediate problems of demobilisation, production, trade, housing etc.

The widespread view among non-political businessmen is that since the advent of the Labour Government many policies have actually improved but the day to day administration (which is what immediately counts) has deteriorated.

Many however regard the Government as an honourable exception to this administrative deterioration.

Cripps is a Socialist but he does understand how industry works. One burning question is whether he equally understands commerce.—Associated Press.

Demobilisation Itch In The Commons

LONDON, NOV. 21.—THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HOPES TO MAKE A STATEMENT BY THE MIDDLE OF NEXT MONTH—POSSIBLY ON DEC. 15—ON THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SERVICE FOR OTHER RANKS OF THE THREE SERVICES.

THIS WAS ANNOUNCED BY THE UNDER-SECRETARY FOR WAR, LORD NATHAN, REPLYING FOR THE GOVERNMENT IN THE RESUMED DEBATE ON DEMOBILISATION IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS TODAY.

He added "Terms and conditions as they affect officers are expected to go off without any delay."

At the same time in the House of Commons M.P.'s heard from the Labour Minister, Mr. George Isaacs, details of demobilisation figures and the Minister's reply to Mr. Callaghan (Labour, Cardiff) who asked if a figure of 1,500,000 could be released by the end of December.

Mr. Isaacs said "I hesitate to give a guarantee but there is every prospect of that being done."

Viscount Samuel in the Lords, stressing the hardship caused by the slowness of demobilisation, said "The service of men in the forces is compulsory employment and their pay is a dole in uniform."

Another speaker stated that Government's demobilisation policy was having a disastrous effect on industry. "As far as the enterprise with which I am connected is concerned we have received back less than three per cent of our called up personnel."

"Our young men are being called up only to swell the ranks of unemployed in the Army."

"I am struck by how deeply the iron of disappointment has entered the souls of these young men."—Reuter.

Imperial Assets Blocked Tokyo, Nov. 21.—Imperial household assets and all financial transactions have been blocked as a result of a new directive by General MacArthur today.

The order also directed that the Japanese Government examine the day by day the assets of the Emperor, and certify the accuracy of the inventory of the Imperial household submitted to American Headquarters.—Associated Press.

CHINA'S BID TO SAVE MANCHURIA

CHUNGKING, NOV. 21.—CHINA IS MAKING ATTEMPTS TO OBTAIN AN UNDERSTANDING WITH RUSSIA WHICH WOULD AVERT THE GROWING DANGER OF MANCHURIA COMING UNDER THE DOMINATION OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS AND HAVING SOME FORM OF "POPULAR SELF-RULE" FORCED UPON 30,000,000 INHABITANTS THERE.

THE CHANCES OF SUCCESS, HOWEVER, ARE BLEAK AS THE COMMUNISTS ARE STEADILY EXPANDING THEIR SPHERE OF INFLUENCE IN MANCHURIA AND ACCORDING TO THE LATEST ACCOUNTS HAVE SEIZED THE AIRFIELDS AT CHANGCHUN AND OTHER CITIES.

There is good reason to believe China's appeal to Russia for permission to land National forces at Dairen and Port Arthur has now met with a flat refusal.

There are no prospects of Chinese troops being transported by sea to Manchuria because no landings which endanger American life will be undertaken as American spokesmen have made clear.

PRESIDENT TO COMMUNISTS.—Since the Russians made the Manchurian ports of Huludao and Yingkow by withdrawing before the Chinese National forces could make their scheduled landing, no attempt to land in Manchuria have been made by Chiang Kai-shek's troops. None is likely in future unless the Russians assure the safe handing over of any demobilisation points without exposing the National forces to a possible death-trap as they did at Huludao and Yingkow.

Air lifting of National troops to Manchuria has been made impossible by numerous conditions which the Russians have specified. Moreover if the Chinese could comply they would find that most of the potential landing grounds in southern Manchuria are now in the hands of the Chinese Communists.

With the air and sea routes barred, the land avenue alone remains.

Chinese officials are acutely distressed by developments but have not relaxed their policy of saying nothing which the Russians might take amiss.

Chiang Kai-shek's branch headquarters at Changchun, where the Generalissimo had sent Hsiung Shih-hui, one of his most trusted generals, and his elder son, Chiang Ching-kuo, has been closed.

Most of the officials who manned it are back in China proper as virtual refugees who fled to escape the possibility of the greater humiliation of being captured by the Communists.

It is a matter of hours for China. Associated Press.

HONJO'S FAREWELL

TOKYO, NOV. 21.—ASSOCIATES OF BARON GENERAL SHIGERU HONJO, WHOSE SUICIDE WAS ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY, SAID TODAY HIS ACT OF HARI KARI WAS IN THE FORMAL RITUALISTIC FASHION. EXCEPT HE WORE AN ARMY UNIFORM INSTEAD OF A KIMONO.

The 65-year-old Kwantung Army Commander, who is blamed for creating the Manchurian "incident," left a letter saying: "I cannot endure as a soldier of our country to appear before a court of Allied powers. I find no way of apologizing to His Majesty and people for bringing my nation to such a miserable state of affairs."—Associated Press.

DE GAULLE BEGINS ANEW

Paris, Nov. 21.—General de Gaulle, who is still faced with a dilemma on the political division of his Cabinet, has resumed the task of forming an interim Government by calling into consultation the representatives of the three major parties.

Whether the Communists who precipitated the crisis with their demands for at least one of the three most important Cabinet posts, would attend the meeting is not known.

If the Communists do meet with General de Gaulle's appeal, it might have the way for a compromise by which both would be able to save face.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 21.—William A. Standler, a Kentucky Republican, was appointed yesterday by the State Governor to succeed A. B. (Happy) Chandler as U.S. Senator. Chandler is now American Baseball Commissioner.—Associated Press.

NUERNBERG TRIAL

JAPANESE PLOT TO KILL STALIN IN 1940

GERMANY'S FADED WARTIME LEADERS ENTERED PLEAS OF INNOCENT TODAY TO CHARGES THAT THEY UNLEASHED THE BLOOD-BATH WHICH ENGULFED THE WORLD, AND THEY HEARD U.S. CHIEF PROSECUTOR ROBERT H. JACKSON PROMISE THAT THEY WOULD BE CONVICTED BY THEIR OWN METICULOUSLY KEPT RECORDS.

IN OPENING THE AMERICAN CASE AGAINST THE 20 NAZI WARLORDS BEFORE AN INTERNATIONAL WAR CRIMES TRIBUNAL, JACKSON SAID THAT THE GERMANS PLANNED AS FAR BACK AS 1940 TO ATTACK THE UNITED STATES.

HE SAID NAZI RECORDS ALSO DISCLOSED THAT THE JAPANESE PLANNED TO ASSASSINATE SOVIET GENERALISSIMO JOSEPH STALIN IN 1940 THROUGH USE OF RUSSIAN TRAITORS.

JACKSON DECLARED THAT THE ONLY HOPE FOR THE NAZI LEADERS COULD BE BASED UPON WHETHER INTERNATIONAL LAW IS SO LAGGED AS TO BE FAR BEHIND MANKIND'S MORAL SENSE.

Adolf Hitler's henchmen had the main defence prop knocked from under them when the Four-Power Tribunal abruptly denied claims that they could not be tried for war guilt under existing international law.

The once mighty and haughty Germans were ordered to step before the bar containing judges of the United States, Britain, France and Russia.

Reichsmarschal Hermann Goering announced: "I declare myself, in a sense, Not Guilty."

Rudolf Hess, once Hitler's deputy, now fighting to escape on a plea of insanity, shouted: "Not Guilty."

Lord Justice Geoffrey Lawrence, presiding, said the reply would be entered as a plea of innocence.

Nazi Philosopher Alfred Rosenberg pleaded: "I declare myself in the sense of the indictment Not Guilty."

One by one the others entered their pleas.

Justice Lawrence tightened the trial rules by ordering in answer to a protest, that counsel could not talk to defendants in court except on written notice.

LOWEST PITCH.—Mr. Jackson, in a 20,000 word statement, asserted: "They have subjected their European neighbors to every outrage and torture, every spoliation and deprivation that insolence, cruelty and greed could inflict."

"They have brought the German people to the lowest pitch of wretchedness from which they can entertain no hope of early deliverance. They have incited domestic violence on every continent."

He said the real complaining party in the trial was civilization.

Justice Robert Jackson, Chief United States prosecutor, today opened the prosecution's case against twenty-two leading Nazis with a vigorous sixty-one page address outlining the history of Nazism and its leaders.

"The real complaining party at our bar is civilization," Justice Jackson declared. "In the prisoner's dock sit twenty German men."

"No charity can disguise the fact that the forces which these defendants represent are the darkest and most sinister forces in society—dictatorship and oppression, malevolence and passion, militarism and lawlessness."

Justice Jackson opened with a general summary of the prosecution's case and proceeded under the following headings:

"Lawless road to power."
"Consolidation of Nazi power."
"Battle against the working class."
"Battle against the Churches."
"Crimes against Jews."
"Experiments in aggression."
"War of aggression."
"Conspiracy with Japan."
"Crime in the conduct of war."
"Crime against Peace."

"Political police and military organizations."

Justice Jackson quoted liberally from diaries and files of Rosenberg, spiritual and ideological "leader of the Nazi Party."

He also quoted from a record, by Himmler, of a conversation with General Hiroshi Oshima, the Japanese Ambassador in Berlin.

Himmler was "Furthermore he (Oshima) had succeeded in sending ten men with a bomb across the Caucasus frontier. These had the mission to kill Stalin."—Reuter.

RETROACTIVE LAW?—Attorneys for nineteen of the twenty Nazi leaders facing the International War Crimes Tribunal today challenged the legal-

A Rhyme In Time

An R.A.F. transport Halifax, PN 439, waxed lyrical forty minutes after it left Kai Tak yesterday for Shanghai with Rear-Admiral Services, three staff officers and three civilians on board.

The pilot of the four-engine aircraft radiobled back to A.H.Q., Hong Kong: Port outer engine con rod busted. Crew and passengers disgusted.

Pressing on, quite well on three. Land Shanghai in time for tea. A.H.Q.'s reply was also in rhyme, but not exactly a nursery rhyme. It remains "top secret."

U.S. Airmen Refuse To Fly In Typhoon

WASHINGTON, NOV. 21.—NAVY SECRETARY FORRESTAL HAS ORDERED AN INVESTIGATION INTO THE COMPLAINT THAT A GROUP OF NAVY PILOTS IN OKINAWA WERE PUNISHED FOR THEIR REFUSAL TO FLY TO ANOTHER ISLAND IN THE FACE OF A TYPHOON. REPRESENTATIVE PLOESER, REPUBLICAN OF MISSOURI, SAID TODAY.

Forrestal wrote to Ploeser that he had received the Missouri's request for investigation of the conduct of a Navy captain during the recent typhoon in the Okinawa area and that it was being referred to the Commander-in-Chief of the Pacific Fleet.

The Commander, Forrestal wrote, will inquire into the circumstances and report back to the Navy Department.

Ploeser made the request after the relatives of Lieutenant (J. G.) E. W. Held, Jr., St. Louis, forwarded him a letter they had received in which Held said that six pilots were ordered to fly to Saipan for beaching gear and that they had refused because of the typhoon which they believed would endanger the lives of their crews.

Held's letter stated that they were called to the Captain's quarters and told they would have their wings taken from them. They were put on Okinawa without food or water.—Associated Press.

PATIENCE URGED

London, Nov. 21.—The belief that if Indian leaders would endure patiently for six more months they might have the happiness of seeing the fate of a continent settled satisfactorily for all time, was expressed in an interview today by Prof. George Catlin, British Labour intellectual.—Reuter.

ity of the trial on the grounds that it constituted a retroactive law.—Associated Press.

Washington Finance Talks Drag On

WASHINGTON, NOV. 20.—THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT'S NEW LOAN PLAN WAS TODAY CABLED TO LONDON FOR CONSIDERATION. IT IS BELIEVED THAT THE LATEST MOVE IS AN ATTEMPT TO REACH A SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION TO THE LONG DRAWNOUT ANGLO-AMERICAN FINANCIAL TALKS.

It is felt, however, that even the plan sent to-day will not result in a solution of the so-called "semi-deadlock."

The plan contains no agreement on the total amount of the loan. The British insist on a sum of about \$4,500,000,000. The Americans stand firm on \$4,000,000,000.

This includes the cost of goods supplied by the United States to Britain since the Pacific War terminated.

Crisis threatens again the Anglo-American trade and financial talks now taking place in Washington and a possibility of total failure has been suggested although the highest American quarters continue to be optimistic.

The British are still holding out for a loan of \$4,000,000,000 while the Americans insist that \$3,500,000,000 is all that Congress will allow.

Both sums are considerably below what the British delegation have insisted is the minimum Britain needs in her reconstruction period.—Reuter.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Notice is hereby given to the public that the Hong Kong Office of China National Aviation Corporation (CNAC) has resumed its business as from November 20th, 1945 at Gloucester Building, 200, Voaux Road, Central (Opposite to General Post Office). Bookings and inquiries are cordially welcomed.

NOTICE OF LIQUIDATION

Notice is hereby given this day, the 21st November, 1945, that the Yu Cheong Shipping and Trading Company is declared to be in liquidation. Any person or persons having dealings or claims on the said Company are requested to send in full particulars to the Company in writing within three days otherwise all claims are considered null. Families of deceased or wounded members of the crew of S.S. Hai Chu are requested to apply also within three days to the Company for their salaries and pension compensations.

Yu Cheong Shipping & Trading Co. (in liquidation)

21st November, 1945.

JHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD.

KOWLOON.

EMERGENCY REPAIRS.

At from 15th November, 24 Hour Emergency repair service will be resumed.

Day 56006
Night 56006

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD.

Under Direction of Military Administration.

ELECTRICITY CHARGES

Consumers are informed that charges for electricity will be based on 1941 rates plus 50 percent surcharge. Accounts will be rendered for the month of October and may be paid at the following Offices:

Hong Kong
Gloucester Arcade, Gloucester Building,
Possession Street Substation, 64
Lower Macao Row,
Wanchai Substation, 74 Johnston Road.

Kowloon
Yau Ma Tei Substation, Nathan Rd.,
Administrative Offices, Anglo Street.

Special rates will be given for a BULK SUPPLY.

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD.

Under Direction of Military Administration.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION NOTICE

Central Executive Branch.
Telecommunication & Electrical Section.

From and including Monday 19th November 1945, the offices of the above Section will be moved from 2nd floor, Gloucester Building to 2nd floor, G.P.O. Building, and telephone numbers will be changed as follows:

19409 Controller.
19610 Senior Engineer, Telecoms.
19612 Engineers, Telecoms.
19644 Gen. Office.
19206 Senior Engineer, Electrical.
19206 Engineers, Electrical.
19306 Gen. Office, Electrical.

R. P. MORRIS,
Lt. Col.
S. O. I. (C.A.)

PHYSICAL CULTURE

Maudslayi College of Physical Education Gymnasium, the best in the Orient and a rendezvous for Health and Strength seekers.

MOPE holds Contests yearly for admirers of the Body Beautiful. Another Weight-Lifting and Posing Contest in December. Join-up now and be one of the Champions.

88, Osine Road, 2nd Floor.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST HONG KONG

The annual Thanksgiving Service will be held on Thursday 22nd November at 8.30 p.m. at Banque de l'Indo Chine (French Bank Bldg.) 2nd floor, Queen's Road. All are welcome.

MASONIC HALL

11, Queen's Road C. 2nd Floor.
(Entrance: Lee House Street)

An important meeting of all Hong Kong Freemasons (members of local lodges only) will be held in the Hall on Monday, November 26, at 5.30 p.m. sharp. It is hoped that every local brother in the Colony will be present.

EXHIBITION FOOTBALL MATCH

ARMY versus CHINESE

Saturday, 24th November, 1945.
At Seakwong Ground.
Kick Off 4.10 P.M.

Admission \$1.00 (including Tax)

REPATRIATION NOTICE

No. 39

"H. M. S. GLORY"

1. The undermentioned are listed for embarkation

Manila.

Miss D. W. K. Chin & two brothers, Mr. & Mrs. C. H. Johnson and daughter, Mrs. Cheong Gown, Miss Ching Chiu-moi, Mstr. Ching Fai Keung, Mr. A. R. Yvanovich, Mrs. Chin She, Mstr. Adam Kam Chee Goon, Mstr. Ken Loon Goon, Mr. & Mrs. Deo Jung and family

H. K. V. D. C.
Capt. D. L. Strellett

2. Hong Kong passengers, assemblable at Queen's Pier at 3.00 p.m. on Thursday, November 22nd and Kowloon passengers will assemble at Naval Landing Base (Between Star Ferry and Kowloon Godown Wharves) at 3.30 p.m. to await Embarkation Officer.

3. Passengers must NOT board the Vessel without first obtaining their embarkation Cards, which will be issued at assembly points.

REPATRIATION OFFICE.

21st November, 1945.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION (HONG KONG)

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Members of the public are hereby notified that Hong Kong (British Military Administration) Gazette will be published on Saturday, 24th November, 1945 and on the Saturday in each week thereafter until further notice, and that the same will be on sale at Ye Olde Printers, Ltd., China Building (Basement), Hong Kong, and that Proclamations, Regulations, Orders enacted by the Administration and Notices of a legislative character will not be published officially in the English and Chinese press as heretofore.

It is nevertheless the duty of the public to acquaint themselves with such enactments. To assist the public, copies of each Gazette and Chinese translations of the more important promulgations will be posted at the following places, namely:

Courts of Justice (Ground Floor)
Harbour Office
1. & E. Office
Hong Kong Post Office
Kowloon Post Office
Central Police Station
No. 2 Police Station (Luk Kwok Hotel, Wanchai)
No. 7 Police Station (West Point)
No. 8 Police Station (Upper Levels)
Bay View Police Station
Shaikwan Police Station
Yau Ma Tei Police Station
Shumshuipo Police Station
Tsim Tsai Tsui Police Station
Mongkok Police Station
Kowloon Magistracy

Such copies must on no account be removed by members of the public.

If during the interval between the publication of the weekly Gazette any important promulgations are issued requiring the immediate attention of the public, such promulgations will be posted at the above places. In addition, they will be published in the English and Chinese Press, or the public will be informed of the fact in the Press.

GEORGE E. STRICKLAND,
Colonel (C.A.)

Legal Branch.
Hong Kong,
22nd November, 1945.

THE CHINA MAIL

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JAPAN'S HUMILITY

It is obvious still that the post-surrender actions of the Japanese including the spectacle of her political leaders leaning over backwards in their readiness to defer to the wishes of General MacArthur, impose upon observers the necessity for extreme suspicion. The parallel with the position of Germany in 1918 is too plain to be ignored. While the Japanese naval and air forces have been almost annihilated, and the civil population has seen a shattering demonstration of allied might, the land forces have sustained their main defeats in areas remote from public observation. Large bodies of Japanese troops will return home with no other experience than that of victory, and many Japanese commanders, in over-estimating their own strength, will be surprised to find that they have been defeated in the Imperial respect. An arrival in Hong Kong from Peking told us yesterday that after three months that still represent the attitude of the Japanese military in North China, the war is thus opened for the propagation of the myth, which proved so formidable a factor in the rise of the Third Reich, that the army has not been conquered, that the war was lost by poor civilian morale caused by the alleged employment of an "atomic weapon".

Already there are signs that the atomic bomb is to figure in the propaganda of the Japanese army as the blockade figured in the propaganda of the Reichwehr. It will be strange indeed if the Japanese General Staff does not, in spite of all precautions, endeavour to go to ground as the German General Staff did in 1918; and it will find in the numerous and powerful secret societies, a ready-made cover for the continuation of its activities. The allies can expect little aid from the civil authorities in exposing this dangerous myth of an undefeated army. The government class backed by the majority of the newly formed political parties, many of them claiming to be of the Left, is engaged in persuading the nation that the Imperial prerogative remains intact, that the present adversity need only be endured until the dawn of a brighter day. It is indeed already clear that the rulers of Japan do not yet recognize either the fact or the implication of what the allies believe and intend to be the conclusive defeat of Japanese aggression; and while they retain their hold over the people, the growth of those democratic institutions to which the Potsdam terms point must remain a remote possibility. The effective disarmament of Japan and the destruction of her resources for war-making are likely to be a long process; but this is only a means to the real end, which is the demilitarization of the minds of the people. Until this can be achieved, it will be difficult to persuade them that the future of Japan depends not on the expansion of national territory and resources at the expense of "inferior races" but on the estimation of "inferior" in the estimation of the Japanese—but upon peaceful co-operation with the rest of the world. There are two main influences which may be expected to contribute powerfully to such a conversion. The first is the honest application to "south" the principles of the Charter of the San Francisco Charter; the second is the spectacle of unity among the United Nations in pursuit of their declared aims.

CORRESPONDENCE

LYRICAL

Sir, To-day we live amidst the rubble left by the war. To-day we must pick our way amidst the devastation wrought by those men of intelligence who in years of wars have been looking to bits almost every combination of words expressing the aspirations of humanity. As the collective madness of a portion of the human race has passed, and those who value the intellectual and spiritual fruits of world civilization will keep ever before their eyes the part each must play in a world returned to sanity. For as long a time as recorded human history, men have struggled not only against each other, but with themselves. The problem of evil is older than the written word, and if there be no evidence that evil can be eliminated, there is also no evidence that in the long run evil will exterminate its opposite. The history to be recorded for the last thirty years is personal aggrandizement with the aid of pious frauds. It is also full of examples of quite a different sort. In each age and in every country some men have lived, stoic, de-seccated and destroyed but others have sought truth, created beauty, endeavored to live honestly and to help mankind. It is easy to cite cases where collective greed and self-interest have determined the course of history. But it is equally easy to show that human conduct has often been motivated solely by a passionate adherence to an ideal. With such stout belief comes the fortitude to bear misfortune, the patience to endure adversity, the confidence that ensures that better days are indeed ahead.

A. DAVID.

SPOILT

Sir, In these days when the new record is the most appreciated portion of a cinema programme I think it is pertinent to ask why the Queen's Theatre should substitute the English commentary by Chinese announcer, confining the English explanation of the news to very sketchy and inadequate subtitles? One could understand this if the majority of the audience were Chinese, but in view of the fact that Servicemen constitute approximately 90 per cent. of the audience, it seems a shame to spoil what otherwise would be most interesting entertainment. Perhaps the management of the Queen's Theatre would oblige with a statement.

FILM FAN.

OPRIUM CASES

A fine of \$850 for four months' hard labour was imposed on Chan Hau, 40, widow, by Mr. C. Y. Kwan yesterday, for unlawful possession of 5.5 taels of raw opium at the Po Tak wharf, Connaught Road Central, on Tuesday. A 20-year-old spinster, Li Hung, was fined \$250 or 10 days' imprisonment, for a similar offence. Revenue Officer Ward prosecuted.

\$10 FOR A FIGHT

The So and Too Chu were fined \$10 each by Mr. C. Y. Kwan yesterday, for behaving in an disorderly manner by fighting in Des Vaux Road near Queen's Road on Tuesday evening. Sergeant Pockson was in charge of the case.

Colonel Knox Predicted Japanese Shock Attack

WASHINGTON, NOV. 21. ADMIRAL J. O. RICHARDSON TESTIFIED TODAY BEFORE THE CONGRESSIONAL PEARL HARBOR INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE THAT HE HEARD WITH AMAZEMENT ON OCT. 10, 1940, THAT PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WAS CONSIDERING SHUTTING OFF ALL JAPANESE TRADE WITH AMERICANS IF THE JAPANESE MILITARY MOVED AGAINST THE BRITISH FOR REOPENING THE BURMA ROAD, WHICH WAS SCHEDULED FOR A WEEK LATER. RICHARDSON SAID HE TOLD NAVY SECRETARY FRANK KNOX THE U.S. FLEET WAS NOT PREPARED FOR THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSAL NOR FOR THE "WAR THAT WOULD RESULT."

He said Knox described the president's plan for establishing two patrol lines of light ships from Hawaii to the Philippines and from Samoa to the Netherlands East Indies. The question was raised as to whether Japanese ships were to be stopped and the view was expressed that such action would mean war.

"I asked if the President was considering a declaration of war," Richardson testified. He said Knox replied that he didn't know, but was passing along the President's proposal.

NOT READY

Richardson said the fleet was in no condition for a war with Japan. Ships were undermanned and did not carry wartime supplies of ammunition.

A letter made public by the Investigating Committee disclosed that Secretary Knox predicted Jan. 24, 1941, that if war started with Japan, hostilities might begin with a surprise attack on the Pacific Fleet or Pearl Harbour naval base. The prediction was in a letter to Secretary of War Henry Stimson.

Continuing his testimony, Admiral Richardson said he was distinctly of the impression that Dr. Stanley Hornbeck, State Department advisor, was exercising great influence over disposition of the Pacific Fleet than he was as its Commander.

RATHER LOATH

Richardson said President Roosevelt was "rather loath" to increase the manpower of the Pacific Fleet in mid-summer 1940.

Richardson said that after the July 1940 series of conferences with Mr. Roosevelt, Secretary of State Hull and others, he left Washington "with the distinct impression there was an opinion that Japan could be bluff."

He said Hull felt the United States should take a very strong position in relations with Japan "and that retention of the Fleet in

LIVED IN BAGUIO CAVES

FILIPINOS AND THIRD NATIONALS AT BAGUIO LIVED IN CAVES FOR 4½ MONTHS OF CONTINUAL AMERICAN AIR RAIDS BEFORE UNITED STATES AND FILIPINO TROOPS FINALLY WRESTED BAGUIO FROM THE JAPANESE.

Mr. B. V. Tushoff, mining engineer for the Marsman interests in Baguio, writes that Baguio residents fled to the hills about 300 metres from the city where they kept house with local aborigines in a cave system that was developed into a fairly good A.R.P. tunnel scheme.

A shelter was constructed wherein 40 people lived for some weeks before the relieving troops finally arrived on April 27. Then followed American rations that completely upset digestive systems to rough staple foods for three years.

To cope out an existence during the occupation the populace of Baguio depended on home-factory enterprise, re-sitting "dirt" for minute particles of gold that had already been thoroughly exploited as far as commercial mining interests were concerned.

Other home-factory enterprises included manufacture of plaster of paris, flour from rice and maize, and chocolate from local cocoa beans and sugar.

Cost of living in Luzon is on a scale where no private enterprise can now feed anyone, a meal at a cheap Chinese restaurant costing a minimum of P 84.

New Assurances To SEAC Airmen

H.Q. AIR COMMAND, SOUTH EAST ASIA, NOV. 21. VISITING ROYAL AIR FORCE UNITS IN DELHI, BHOPAL AND BOMBAY, AIR CHIEF MARSHAL SIR KEITH PARK, ALLENBY AIR COMMANDER IN CHIEF, WHO WAS RECENTLY IN HONG KONG TALKED WITH THOUSANDS OF AIRMEN AND ANNOUNCED THAT HIS RECOMMENDATION FOR REDUCING STILL FURTHER THE OVERSEAS TOUR IN SOUTH EAST ASIA FOR THE R.A.F. HAD BEEN ACCEPTED BY THE AIR MINISTRY AND WOULD BE PUT INTO OPERATION JUST AS QUICKLY AS TRANSPORT COULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE THEATRE.

"I cannot promise you a date for starting," he said, "but I do promise that it will be as early in the New Year as we can make it."

The Air Chief explained the tremendous transport problem facing the R.A.F. in flying one million men of all services in the next nine months, adding that with the aircraft and personnel available it was a greater task than any tackled by any air force at any time.

At Bhopal, the Air Chief was met by Air Commodore Hiss Highness the Nawab Sahib of Bhopal, who is one of his additional officers.

Sir Keith visited Worli camp, near Bombay, where R.A.F. personnel waiting for their boats to the United Kingdom gave him a great welcome.

He was accompanied by Lady Park, Assistant Director of the British Red Cross and Order of St. John, who visited R.A.F. hospitals, medical units and welfare centres.

All ranks H.K.V.D.C. who were P.O.W.s as at 1st Aug. 1945, are permitted to wear 1939/46 and 1940/41 Pacific Stars (Authority: G.O.C., Land Forces, Hongkong). In order to ensure uniformity, medals complete with ribbons will be made up at these Headquarters and will be issued on repayment. Detailed instructions later.

Pay and allowance advances for 112 days will be made to mobilized personnel (on demobilisation leave) at these H.Q. as follows: Personnel mobilised Dec. 1941 in: No. 5 Coy., No. 6 Coy. Fd. Am. 1000 hrs., Monday, 26-11-45. All other H.K.V.D.C. units—1000 hrs., Tuesday, 27-11-45. Officers—between 1500 and 1600 hrs. 20-11-45 and 27-11-45. Rates applicable to each rank are posted on "Company Notice Boards" and at H.Q.

All H.K.V.D.C. personnel, who were mobilised between 7.12.41 and 25.12.41 and who were not treated as prisoners of war by the Japanese as at 1st August 1945, will render forthwith, under confidential cover, supported by witnesses where necessary, statements of a brief outline of their activities since 25.12.41 and the Japanese occupational area, or the circumstances under which they proceeded to the civilian Internment Camp. Until such time as these statements are received, it will not be possible to consider release arrangements for any further assistance from Government. This Order does not apply to those who have already submitted their statements.

WANCHAI FIRE

A fire broke out shortly after 6 p.m. yesterday evening on the top floor of No. 21, Bowring Road, Wanchai. It was put out within an hour of the outbreak, but the floor concerned was severely damaged.

CHINA TO BECOME AMERICAN COLONY?

Chungking, Nov. 21. The United States is converting China into "an American colony," the Communist "China Daily News" charged today.

The newspaper demanded withdrawal of American forces and said their activities enraged patriotic Chinese, who are reminded of British imperialism in India and that of the French and Dutch in Indo-China and Indonesia. Associated Press.

Four Alleged Pirates In Police Hands

AS A SEQUEL TO THE ATTEMPTED PIRACY OF THE FERRY BOAT, MAN FONG, IN BRITISH WATERS, FOUR CHINESE ARE DETAINED BY THE POLICE. THEY WERE PICKED OUT DURING AN IDENTIFICATION PARADE AT THE CENTRAL POLICE STATION YESTERDAY.

The men were Tam Yuen, 24; Lai Sing, 20; Lai Chun, 26; and Tong Fung, 23. They were picked out by passengers who were aboard the ferry. Fourteen pirates took part in the piracy, and the leader is believed to have escaped with other men by swimming before the Police launch arrived.

Several revolvers, automatic and Mauser pistols, and hand grenades were found on board the ferry when the Police boarded.

The Police are still holding about 50 passengers as material witnesses.

Four passengers, of the seven wounded, are not expected to live, while the others should be discharged in a few days.

The ferry service to Tai O was stopped yesterday as a result of the piracy attempt.

DEAD SURE THAT HE WASN'T DEAD

Sydney, Nov. 20. Dead men tell no tales. Or do they?

There was Mr. Albert Leslie Page, of Oatley, in the witness box of the Divorce Court, and he was telling plenty, all about the mis-deeds of his son-in-law.

And there was Mr. Justice Edwards sitting on the bench and looking most doubtfully at Mr. Page, as though he oughtn't to have been there at all.

At length the Judge just couldn't stand it any longer, questioned the ability of Mr. Page to be among those present. "I have evidence here that you are dead," said his Honor.

At which Mr. Page looked extremely startled.

"I have here a copy of your daughter's marriage certificate," explained Edwards J. "On it you are described as 'deceased'."

Said Mr. Page, "I can assure your Honor it is a gross exaggeration."

The Judge took another look at Mr. Page and decided it was and the case continued. Associated Press.

CHINESE WRITERS FEDERATION

The Federation of Chinese Writers held an informal meeting a few days ago when plans for the re-organisation of the Federation's activities in Hong Kong were discussed.

Those present were Wong Hsin-ping, Tai Wang-shu, Wong Nin-ying, Chen Chun-po, Chen Tse-chow, Chen Shi, Tu Shuan, Yeh Lu-shi and Wong Lu.

Mr. Tai Wang-shu read a letter from the Headquarters of the organisation in Chungking, which expressed the wish that the correspondence receipt office of the Federation in Hong Kong be re-organised.

It was decided at the meeting to use P.O. Box 771 as a clearance centre to which correspondence to members of the Federation could be sent from centres throughout China.

It was also decided, firstly, to commence preparatory work towards the reorganisation of the Hong Kong branch of the Federation of Chinese Writers; and, secondly, to organise reception and welcome of members of the Federation arriving in the Colony or visiting the Colony from other cities and aiding them toward the problem of obtaining suitable board and lodging here.

RESTAURANT INCIDENT

A negro sailor named Bayido, of the U.S. Navy, is alleged to have been attacked by a fooki of the Yan Yan Restaurant in Queen's Road Central at about 8 o'clock last night.

Bayido alleged that he was struck on the back with a four feet length of iron bar by a fooki, during a transaction involving an exchange of money.

WANCHAI FIRE

A fire broke out shortly after 6 p.m. yesterday evening on the top floor of No. 21, Bowring Road, Wanchai. It was put out within an hour of the outbreak, but the floor concerned was severely damaged.

CAIRO, NOV. 21.

The meeting of the Arab League which was to have taken place tonight has been postponed until Saturday afternoon owing to the absence in Palestine of Jamil Mardam Bey, Chairman of the League's Council. Reuters.

How Hitler Made Love

Frankfurt, Nov. 21. A diary of Eva Braun, Adolf Hitler's girl friend, has disclosed some of her reactions to the Fuehrer's love life. She confided that Hitler was rather cruel in his love making, seldom kept his promises and sometimes gave her an envelope of money without saying a word.

The diary, found in Eva's dressing chest, covered the period from February to May, 1935. Associated Press.

Paper Trick Alleged

The master of the San & Co. stationery firm, Mr. Fung Kwan ching, and his wife, Fung Kwan, appeared on remand before Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Summary Military Court yesterday, charged with attempting to export three bales of printing paper. Both admitted the charge.

Mr. F. S. D'Almeida, for the prosecution, said that the San & Co. firm, No. 58, Des Voeux Road Central, applied for permission to export three bales of drawing paper for school use, each bale containing 25 reams, weighing 26 1/2 cwt. per ream. The value was \$1,920 and the destination Macao. No other application was made on that date or any subsequent date.

On November 14, Revenue Officer Yuen Chui, on duty at the Pak Wai, at about 2 P.M. as three bales of paper were being taken to the wharf by a Chinese, who gave him a name as Wong K. Wong, produced the export declaration with a stamp of the paper firm. He said the officer had had no time to report.

On inspection, the officer found the goods did not match the sample, but contained a different quality of paper. Wong then left the wharf and returned with Fung Kwan, who told that he was responsible for the three bales. He then reported in the presence of Chief Revenue Officer Ward who found they contained "new mill" paper of which export was prohibited.

Mr. D'Almeida and the authorities took a very strong view of the export of paper which was prohibited under the proclamation. He asked for the maximum penalty and for forfeiture.

Fung Kwan ching said he was not present at the time of the exportation. He arrived here from Macao on the day concerned. He was apparently due to a mistake on the part of his book.

Second accused said he came to the Colony from Canton recently and did not know much about the export rule or procedure.

Fung Kwan was discharged with a caution while a fine of \$250 was imposed on the second accused.

The paper was ordered to be confiscated.

Shipments From H.K.

RESUMPTION OF SHIPMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES WAS THE PRINCIPLE TOPIC YESTERDAY AMONG CHINESE SHIPPERS HAVING BUSINESS CONNECTIONS IN THE STATES.

They had been advised by the American Mail Line that space will be available on the return trip of the s.s. "Pres. Grant", which is expected here about the 15th December with a shipment of American goods and provisions.

A China Mail representative was informed that an acute shortage of Chinese foodstuffs and sundry goods undoubtedly exists in the States as there have been no shipments for four years.

"However," said one of those interested, "we are not yet sure what or how much to send in this initial shipment, since we are still without advice from our people over there."

"Furthermore, there are many pre-war accounts awaiting settlement, and, at present, remittances cannot be made to us in Hong Kong. This applies to nearly all shippers here. We hope, however, that the Banks will resume exchange business with the United States soon. In the meantime we are all most anxious to get started again."

NOT GOOD ENOUGH

London, Nov. 20. A Foreign Office spokesman said today Great Britain had agreed with the United States in refusing to recognize the validity of the Bulgarian election held yesterday. The United States had notified Bulgaria previously that it considered the election invalid because only the Communist-dominated Fatherland Party appeared on the ballot. Associated Press.

SPANISH ZEAL

Vatican City, Nov. 20. Pope Pius in a message to the celebration in Madrid of the first centenary of the Apostolate of Prayer yesterday said that Spaniards should be grateful for having been spared the horrors of world war. The Pope praised the "religious zeal" of the Spaniards. Associated Press.

Air Of Unreality As Nuernberg Trial Opens

(By Louis Lochner)

NUERNBERG, NOV. 21. TWENTY OF HITLER'S GANG AS ODDLY GARBED AS THE CAST OF THE BEGGARS' OPERA, HEARD THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH PROSECUTORS READ IN 70 MINUTES THE FIRST TWO COUNTS OF THE INDICTMENT FOR WHICH FOUR ALLIED NATIONS DEMAND THEIR LIVES AS WAR CRIMINALS.

RUDOLF HESS WITH AN ALMOST IMPISH GRIN ON HIS MOUTH LINED UP IN THE DOCK WITH THE 20 NAZI DEFENDANTS FACING THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL. HIS STATUS IS NOT CLEAR. BRITISH AND AMERICAN ALIENISTS ARE REPORTED TO HAVE SAID THAT AMNESIA RENDERED HIM INCAPABLE TO DEFEND HIMSELF.

From the prima donna of Nazism Hermann Goering to the relatively obscure Propaganda Ministry's handy man Hans Fritzsche, they listened with varying emotions as the indictments of the Third Reich were reconstructed in English prose.

Sidney S. Alderman, assistant to the Chief U.S. Prosecutor, Justice Robert H. Jackson, opened the proceedings by reading a condensed version of the indictment.

The defendants sat in a row, some looking at the proceedings with indifference, others with interest. Goering, without the medals hanging on his massive chest as he walks ponderously and with his hand on his hip, looked at the proceedings with indifference. He didn't seem to be listening. He nodded noncommittally when Alderman referred to his over-riding control of German economy in preparation for armed aggression after 1936.

IN A HURRY. At Alderman's mention of anti-Jewish fabrications during the war, that defendant hurriedly placed his earphones.

Julius Streicher, also appeared strange without the aura of power once surrounding his brown Nazi uniform. This Nazi Jew, however, sat boldly upright when his name was mentioned in the indictment.

Goering nodded emphatically when the prosecutor recalled his announcement ten years ago that Germany was building a military air force.

Ribbentrop, interrupted by his former routine of Foreign Office clerks in Nazi uniforms and with no State paper to read, then tried to hysterical crowd, just looks bald.

Von Shirach and Fruehe, representing the younger echelon of the Nazi hierarchy, without the aura of importance seemed just two meek, pale faced defendants.

Pudgy Walther Funk sat next to his economic and financial rival Dr. Schacht who he replaced as Minister of Economics and President of the Reichsbank. They both looked dejected each other in the dock.

WHITE HAIR. White haired von Neurath, who once conducted the foreign policy of Hitler's Third Reich and later headed it over Bohemia and Moravia, sat next to a man of Gorbelt with whom von Neurath had evidently disagreed. They did not speak to each other today.

Von Papen seemed a broken old man. The toughest looking of the lot was Fritz Sauckel, former slave labor boss.

Admiral Karl Doenitz and Admiral Erich Raeder, were navy blue civilian suits.

All the defendants were dressed in simple uniforms without medals or insignia of rank or in simple civilian suits donated from charity stores. German counsel sat before the prisoners' dock.

While the repetition of the indictment produced nothing that the world had not known since it was issued last month, there was some surprise among the spectators that the tribunal had the full text presented instead of eliminating the recital of particulars.

Apparently this was done to avoid a protest by the German lawyers.

HESS PALE. Rudolf Hess, from the start, seemed to be utterly indifferent to what was going on. At times he stared into space. While everyone else's eyes were fixed on the presiding judge during the evening session he scanned the press section and the spectators.

Of the defendants, he was the palest.

Goering commanded the greatest attention, probably because his name was mentioned so frequently and also because he sat in a prominent seat. A gleam of recognition flashed across his face when he saw in the press section, correspondents he knew in the days of his power in Berlin.

Ribbentrop had aged much since he was seen last, but Dr. Schacht seemed as vigorous and full of fight as he was in the days when he said "we are all in the same boat without the Fuehrer."

The giant Klennerbrunner, who fell by a spontaneous brain hemorrhage late on Sunday, was nearing the end of his critical period to-night but the physicians said he would be flat on his back for at least two weeks and hospitalized for a month. It was learned that an official medical report had been prepared for the tribunal which must decide whether the defendant will be tried in absentia or reintegrated for a later trial.

ARMY TRIAL. The defendants remained in court during the 30-minute lunch interval, eating heartily from army mess kits. Goering's appetite was particularly keen.

The lawyers returning from lunch talked animatedly with their clients, and the tribunal resumed the hearing at 1:10 p.m.

The greatest solemnity was shown by the prisoners when the portion of the indictment describing the murder of millions of Nazi victims in France and other countries was read.

Even Hans Frank, who had earlier smiled frequently while going about the court room, sat with his chin resting on his chest and the earphones clamped to his ears.

Goering shook his head negatively and smiled wanly when Alderman described him as an S.S. General. But he nodded affirmatively at the allegation that "he promoted the accession to power of the Nazis."

Ribbentrop, both arms folded on his chest, half closed his eyes as his own name was read. A look of gray light struggled across his high forehead.

Hess, when named, looked in his lap, bowed his head and muttered. Afterwards Hess seemed to be almost smiling. His deep-set eyes under black shaggy brows glittered.

Rosenberg superficially displayed no emotion as Alderman told of his career as high priest of the Nazi religion of power.

Frank displayed a wide grin at the reference to his generalship in the S.S.

Bornmann's misdeeds were read out, although he had been missing since the battle of Berlin. The tribunal is trying him in absentia.

The court session ended officially for the day at 5:05 p.m. The adjournment after an unbroken afternoon session of more than three hours, which followed the morning meeting, left the defendants another night to weigh the plea they must make.

German defense attempts to challenge the tribunal's jurisdiction or otherwise throw a legal monkey wrench into the trial are expected to be made tomorrow morning when the Nazis will be asked whether they are guilty or not. Associated Press.

"Delicate" Situation Developing In Iran

TEHRAN, NOV. 21. THE IRANIAN TROOPS WHICH WERE DISPATCHED TO AZERBAIJAN PROVINCE TO QUELL DISTURBANCES THERE WERE HALTED AT KAZVIN BY THE RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES AND ORDERED TO RETURN TO TEHRAN, THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY.

FOUR BATTALIONS OF TROOPS AND GENDARMES HAD BEEN MOVING SLOWLY NORTHWARD FROM TEHRAN APPARENTLY WITH THE TACIT CONSENT OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY COMMANDER TO HALT THE OUTBREAK IN WHICH SEVEN WERE REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN KILLED.

A Moscow message states that Azerbaijan reports that the Russians have supplied arms to the Separatists and ordered to return to TEHRAN, THE IRANIAN GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY.

Details of the incidents have been communicated to the British Foreign Office.

THREE INCIDENTS. All incidents, it is held, are calculated to prove that the disturbances in Northern Persia are likely to be easily controlled if the Central Authorities were able to send their forces to restore order.

The Persian official listed the incidents as follows: (1) On November 14, 50 supporters of the Democratic faction attacked two lorries near the small town of Minch, between Teheran and Tabriz. They demonstrated and attacked the town, disarming the gendarmes, railway guards and government officials.

(2) Near Maragha, in South-west Azerbaijan, a well-known trouble maker named Karginal armed his followers and attacked the town of Ajabshir where they besieged the gendarmes and then imprisoned them.

(3) At Gula Kandi Persian Government gendarmes arrested trouble makers and took them to Maragha, but there those arrested were freed by the Russians. Karginal is now said to be organizing more forces and arming them for an attack on Maragha. Reuter.

These incidents and elections were inspired by an effort on the part of Azerbaijanis to introduce their native language into the schools, newspapers and books alongside the State language of Iran, the paper asserted.

"Izvestia" did not mention what part is being played by the Iranian troops but said the local police troops inspired by landowners were taking part against those democratic groups which it described as representative of the broad masses.

The elections were a great success, said the editorial in these democratic groups are trying to secure elementary democratic development and the raising of the local Azerbaijan population into the framework of the Iranian State. The editorial denied that the present disturbance was a "Separatist" movement.

Iranian Azerbaijan adjoins the Soviet Republics of Azerbaijan and Armenia. Associated Press.

PERSIAN POINTS. London, Nov. 21. The Persian Ambassador, Seyyed Hujian, saw the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, tonight and informed him of the latest reports on the Iran situation.

The Persian case is that the Russians have constantly obstructed the Persian troops which were sent to quell the disorders. The Ambassador said that his Government still hoped, if the Soviet ally would exercise control on its officials and their forces to prevent them from interfering with the freedom of the Iranian authorities in establishing order.

"The fact that we are deprived of freedom of movement for our own troops in our own country is certainly contrary to the terms of the treaty of alliance with Britain and Russia," he said.

The Persian authorities here today received details of the recent alleged incidents relating to the activities of the members of the

Philippine In Dependence

San Francisco, Nov. 21. The United States High Commissioner for the Philippines, Mr. Paul V. McNutt, who is en route to Manila, said today that the Philippines problem will test the resources and ability of America.

He said that the main problem was economy which was ruined by the Japanese during their occupation.

He mentioned the guerrillas and inflation as other important problems the United States must deal with.

McNutt stressed that the Philippines will be given independence on July 4, 1946, unless there is an official request otherwise. Associated Press.

WITNESSES CRITICISED

Manila, Nov. 21. Colonel Harry Clarke assailed the motives of the prosecution witnesses, Joaquin Galang and Narciso Lupas, as he opened his defence of Lieut. General Yamashita at the war crimes trial here today.

Clarke produced letters which he said showed that both offered to assist the American authorities if they were given consideration of their own cases and a safe conduct out of the Philippines. Both face trial in the Philippine courts as collaborators.

Clarke said he would show that Yamashita never consented or ordered the atrocities committed and he could not reach certain areas mainly because of poor communications.

The defence questioned Lieut. General Akira Muto, Yamashita's Chief of Staff, in an effort to establish links of Command with Field-Marshal Count Terauchi, Commander of the Southern Areas. Associated Press.

U.S. EXPORTS 1500 JAPANESE

Washington, Nov. 21. The Justice Department announced today the first group of Japanese deported since the war will leave Seattle for Japan aboard an Army transport Nov. 24.

The first group of 1,500 men are leaving voluntarily, the Department said. The majority are native-born American-Japanese who renounced their citizenship and have been under detention as alien enemies.

Immigration Commissioner Hugo Carusi said he hoped other large groups would be on the way back to Japan in the near future. Associated Press.

DR. YEN HONOURED

San Francisco, Nov. 21. Dr. James Yen, the Chinese educator, was today named honorary citizen of San Francisco by a board of supervisors, for simplifying reading and writing of the Chinese language to make its use available to all the people of China.

"Sixty-million Chinese have been rendered literate as a result of Dr. Yen's intelligent and untiring efforts," said the honorary citizen's resolution which was introduced after Dr. Yen had addressed the supervisors' regular meeting.

Associated Press.

DISCRIMINATION

Tokyo, Nov. 21. A dozen American war correspondents were barred by military guards when they attempted to witness the visit of Emperor Hirohito to the Yasukuni shrine, although one correspondent and two photographers were allowed to accompany him. Associated Press.

Sydney Gives Great Welcome To P.O.W.s

QUARANTINE AND CUSTOMS HOLD-UPS WERE WAIVED FOR H.M.S. STRIKER WHEN SHE ARRIVED AT SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, WITH A LARGE NUMBER OF REPATRIATES FROM HONG KONG, MANILA, AND MANUS ISLAND IN THE ADMIRALTY GROUP.

RECEPTION FOR EX-P.O.W.s AND INTERNEES FROM HONG KONG AND RETURNING AUSTRALIAN EX-P.O.W.s INCLUDED A MILITARY BAND AT THE WHARF.

Hong Kong repatriates were immediately taken in buses to the Town Hall, where relatives and friends were impatiently awaiting them.

Fathers were reunited with wives and children whom they had not seen for more than five years. A larger proportion of the arrivals found husbands waiting for them in Sydney and others, who had no relatives or friends waiting for them, were sent by train on a four-hour journey to the general repatriation centre at Lithgow.

The striker's journey included a stop at Manila, a passage through the Sargat Strait, a stop at Manus Island and a skirting of the New Guinea Coast where points of interest in the New Guinea campaign were pointed out to the passengers.

Prices in Australia, one of the repatriates writes back, are reasonable. White bread costs the equivalent of 30 cents Hong Kong a pound, rye bread, 20 cents a pound and milk 20 cents a pint.

In Sydney, a repatriate from Hong Kong met one of his friends who was on the last boat before the Pearl Harbour incident. She had taken 48 days on route.

The journey was accomplished with a total absence of bad weather, the H.M.S. Striker taking just 15 days to reach Sydney. The flight deck of H.M.S. Striker, which served throughout the war as a converted aircraft carrier, was a popular resort for promenades and sun-bathing and passengers became completely informal in their attire. There were facilities on board for badminton, table-tennis and even baseball.

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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

At 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

IRISH EYES ARE SMILING!

AND SO WILL YOURS, TOO!!

WHEN YOU SEE!!!

JUDY GARLAND

in

"LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

with

GEORGE CHARLES

MURPHY WINNEGER

AN M-G-M COMEDY

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Laughs amid Thrills!

Romance between Killings!

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NOTICE

DR. J. E. FROMMER removed his Consultation Rooms
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FAR EASTERN SHIPPING AGENCIES

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Sails on 26th November for Shanghai

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Have You Heard? What?

THAT IT IS OPENING SOON

"WHEN YOU LISTEN TO THE
ENTRANCING MUSIC HERE,
WHEN YOU DANCE WITH THE
CHARMING HOSTESSES, WHEN
YOU WALLOW IN THE COM-
FORT AND LUXURY YOU HAVE
HERE, YOU WILL SAY "I AM
IN HEAVEN".

Watch For The Opening

140-155, LOOKHART ROAD, WANCHAI, HONG KONG.

Something Misfired In Sino-Soviet Talks

WORLD LONG DISTANCE RECORD

Washington, Nov. 21.
A B-29 Superfortress which
left all the way from Guam
without a stop landed here
yesterday and the Army Air
Forces immediately claimed
the world's distance record.
The plane took 35 hours 5
minutes for the 8,198 mile
trip.

The previous mark was set
on R. U. E. Vickers' Westley
bomber in 1938 at 7,168 miles
trip from Egypt to Australia.
Associated Press.

SEAC DEATHROLL

London, Nov. 21.
Total casualties of all na-
tionalities in the disturbances in
Indo-China and Java total 1,226
killed (excluding 150 Japanese
murdered), 501 wounded and
1,409 missing, stated the War
Minister, Mr. Lawson in the
House of Commons today.

The figures are not complete
in the case of French, Dutch,
American, Indonesian and Ja-
panese casualties owing to lack
of information from the relevant
Headquarters.

In addition, Indonesian
casualties at Magelang in the re-
cent disturbances are estimated
at between 200 and 300. Rea-
ter.

LOOM IN THE ROOM

London, Nov. 21.
A loom which has no shuttle but
which lays the web across the
war by a carter moved to And
free by a special spring device has
been developed by Huddley & Co.
of Bradford.

It is believed the loom will lead
to a revival of home weaving, be-
cause it can be installed in a spare
room. It can produce a wide
variety of fabric.

It is claimed that one skilled
operator and an assistant can
"mind" 24 of these looms without
difficulty. London Press Service.

CHUNGKING, NOV. 21.

THE MAJOR MILITARY ISSUE BETWEEN THE
CHINESE KUOMINTANG AND COMMUNIST PARTIES.
THE SOVIET AUTHORITIES FROM THEIR GRAND-
STAND VIEW ARE CLOSE AND INTERESTED
SPECTATORS OF THE ARMED SQUABBLE AND UN-
CONFIRMED CHUNGKING REPORTS SAY THAT IM-
PORTANT SINO-SOVIET TALKS ON THE SITUATION
WOULD BE HELD IN CHUNGKING "OR SOMEWHERE
ELSE" VERY SOON.

IT IS BECOMING PLAINER EVERY DAY THAT SOME-
THING MISFIRE OVER MANCHURIA. ON OCTOBER
13, GENERAL HSIUNG SHIH-SUI, DIRECTOR OF THE
GENERALISSIMO'S HEADQUARTERS IN THE
NORTHEAST AND SOVIET OFFICIALS IN CHANG-
CHUN OPENED NEGOTIATIONS CONCERNED WITH
IMPLEMENTING THE TERMS OF THE SINO-SOVIET
PACT IN THE OCCUPATION OF MANCHURIA BY
CENTRAL GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

The atmosphere was reported
to be cordial until about the 25th
when it was learned there was a
sudden stiffening in the Soviet
attitude, and the Communists be-
gan to infiltrate.

"I have studied a secret Com-
munist operational map printed in
June this year," says Reuter's cor-
respondent, which gives the
strength and disposition of the
Communists. The Communists
claimed no part of Manchuria in
June, according to their own map.
But to day, Yenon claims that
Chahar and Jehol and most of
Liaoning Province are Communist
liberated areas which will be de-
fended against occupation by Na-
tionalist troops.

The Communist troops first got
behind the ports of Yinkow and
Huludao then astride the Chin-
wangtau Mukden stretch of the
Tientsin-Chungking railway and
then round to Mukden and Chang-
chun.

Things became so uncomfortable
for the Generalissimo's officials in
Chungking that they were forced
to leave.

Today the World Daily News
officially independent but known
to speak for the Kuomintang.

Twenty Conditions Reported Laid Down

CHUNGKING, NOV. 21.
COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE REPORTED TODAY TO BE
INVADING CHANGCHUN, THE CAPITAL OF MAN-
CHURIA, IN FORCE IN A RACE WITH GOVERNMENT
SOLDIERS WHO ALREADY ARE 35 MILES INSIDE
INDUSTRIALLY RICH MANCHURIA AFTER A
BREAK-THROUGH IN THE SOUTH.

THE "CHINA TIMES" DECLARED 20,000 COMMUNIST
TROOPS ENTERED CHANGCHUN, BUT FAILED TO
SAY WHETHER RUSSIAN FORCES STILL ARE IN
THE CITY. THE "TIMES" ALSO ASSERTED WITH-
OUT CONFIRMATION ELSEWHERE THAT NEW CON-
FERENCES BETWEEN CHINA AND RUSSIA ON THE
MANCHURIAN SITUATION WOULD BEGIN SOON IN
MOSCOW OR CHUNGKING.

Unofficial reports in Chung-
king said the Russians had laid
down 20 conditions which the
Nationalists must meet before
being allowed to fly troops into
Manchuria.

Chungking newspapers ac-
cused the overland drive into
Manchuria already is well un-
derway with government troops
racing 23 miles almost un-
opposed beyond positions a
dozen miles inside Manchuria,
to within 190 miles of Mukden.
Associated Press.

NEWHOUSE'S ACHIEVEMENT

New York, Nov. 21.
Hal Newhouse, pitching ace
of the world champion Detroit
Tigers, has added the second
straight American league "most
valuable player" award to his
baseball laurels. The world series
star took the honour with 256
points. He led his nearest rival,
Second Baseman Eddie Mayt, a
teammate, by 72 points.

The baseball writers gave
George Slinn, New York,
third place; Dave Ferriss, Boston,
four; George Myatt, Washington,
fifth; and Vern Stephens, St.
Louis, sixth.—Associated Press.

U.S. FOOTBALL

Princeton, Nov. 21.
Eight leading eastern educa-
tional institutions have banded
together to play football under
terms of a formal agreement, be-
ginning next season. They are:
Brown, Columbia, Cornell, Dart-
mouth, Harvard, Yale, Prince-
ton and Pennsylvania.

The agreement bans post-season
games and prohibits freshmen
from competing with varsity
teams. The agreement says the
new organization is "for the pur-
pose of continuing college football
in such a way as to retain the
value of the game, while keeping
it in proportion to the fundamen-
tal purposes of academic life."—
Associated Press.

ARMY v. NAVY

Shanghai, Nov. 21.
United States Army and Navy
football teams will meet in a
"China Bowl" game here Decem-
ber 1, with many former college
stars participating. The game
will be preceded by a ricksha
dobby.—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 21.
President Truman will go to
Philadelphia December 1 to wit-
ness the annual Army-Navy foot-
ball game.—Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 21.
Outfielder J. D. Dillinger, who
pitched Sunday's Yankees victory
against the Red Sox, was con-
tracted for the 1946 baseball
season.—Associated Press.

SUNDAY'S SOFTBALL

The following softball game will
be played on Sunday at Club de
Recreation ground, King's Park, Row-
land.

At 9:30 a.m.: Chung Hwa v.
U.S.S. "Dionides". Umpires: Mr.
Robbins (plate); Mr. Omar, 1st
and 2nd bases; Mr. Moosden, 3rd
base.

At 11 a.m.: U.S.S. "Munro" v.
U.S.S. "Formosa". Umpires: Dr.
Moulden (plate); Mr. Robbins, 1st
and 2nd bases; Mr. Omar, 3rd
base.

SUGAR BOWL

New Orleans, Nov. 21.
For the first time in its 12-year
history, the Sugar Bowl may look
westward for both of its New
Year's Day football choices. Fa-
vour seems to be turning toward
St. Mary's of California and Okla-
homa A. & M. However, Louisiana
State might well get the selection,
if she can beat Tulane while Ala-
bama beats Mississippi state.—
Associated Press.

EASY FOR ORTIZ

Santo Antonio, Texas, Nov. 21.
Manuel Ortiz, of El Centro,
California, world's bantamweight
champion, took every round of a
ten-round fight outpointing Pro-
fessor Helms of Oklahoma City.—
Associated Press.

CORRESPONDENCE

Sir,—In order to settle a wager
between two Royal Marines in
this Establishment, I wonder if
you can inform me definitely as
to the number of times Tommy
Faar fought Joe Louis.

As far as our records go, Farr
and Louis met only once, in
August, 1937, when Louis won on
points over 15 rounds.—Ed.

Los Angeles, Nov. 21.
The Chilean heavyweights
Arturo Godoy to-day outpointed
Johnny Haynes of Los Angeles
in a ten-round bout.—Associated
Press.

New Orleans, Nov. 20.
The featherweight champion
Sol Bartolo, of London, won a
decision over Jack Leslie, of Flint,
Michigan, in a ten-round bout to-
day.—Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 21.
Marian Boy declared that the
Arab League was not committed
to equalizing in continued Jewish
immigration at the rate 1,500 a
month, as proposed by Mr. Bevin.
The leading Christian Arab

Atomic Experiments

Washington, Nov. 21.
President Truman told
reporters to-day that the
United States is still manu-
facturing atomic bombs for
experimental purposes. He
added that the United States,
Britain and Canada are try-
ing to implement the atomic
programme for peacetime pur-
poses.

The President expressed
confidence there will be perma-
nent world peace.—Asso-
ciated Press.

Against American Isolationism

CHICAGO, NOV. 21.
SECRETARY OF TREASURY
FRED M. VINSON SAID
TODAY THAT THE UNITED
STATES MUST TAKE THE
FOLLOWING STEPS IN OR-
DER TO AVOID STILL AN-
OTHER WORLD WAR: RE-
MAIN POWERFUL TO SUP-
PORT INTERNATIONAL
DISCUSSION, KEEP THE
PEACE AND PROVIDE
LEADERSHIP FOR WORLD
PROSPERITY.

In his address at the 27th Na-
tional American Legion Con-
vention, Vinson said: "We cannot
follow the short-sighted policy
of retreating on our easy chairs
and wallowing in the luxury of
the war is over. If we do
that we shall suddenly learn we
are enjoying only a breathing
spell before the next war."

"The United States must re-
member," the Treasury Chief
added, "that if non-aggressor
nations are strong, the petty
international despot will in all
likelihood be deterred from his
 nefarious plans."

"We cannot let international
problems go by default. We
must not lose interest. We
must insist that the nations of
the world including our own get
together. The failure of the
five-power conference in Lon-
don," he added, "proved that we
cannot expect Poch's epoch
agreement at each sitting."

The Secretary expressed be-
lief that no peace can be last-
ing unless all nations achieve a
decent living standard and a
measure of prosperity. Assn-
ciated Press.

Arabs Closing Ranks Over Palestine

JERUSALEM, NOV. 21.
THE ARABS ARE CLOSING THEIR RANKS OVER THE
PALESTINE ISSUE. THE ARAB LEAGUE WAS
HOLDING A PRIVATE MEETING IN CAIRO TO-DAY
TO CONSIDER ITS ATTITUDE TO FOREIGN SEC-
RETARY ERNEST BEVIN'S RECENT STATEMENT.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE LEAGUE'S COUNCIL, JAMIL
MARDAM BEY, WAS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE THERE
TO-DAY FROM PALESTINE, WHERE HIS EFFORTS
TO ACHIEVE ARAB UNITY APPEAR TO HAVE
BORN FRUIT.

After nearly a week of un-
interrupted negotiations, during
which there have been frank
and at times heated exchanges,
Mardam Bey to-night seemed to
be within sight of success in his
difficult task of unifying the
Palestinian Arabs—a task that
has been in progress for about
three years, reports Haig
Nicholson, Reuter's Special Cor-
respondent.

The formation of a Higher
Arab Committee of twelve mem-
bers has been agreed on in principle
and Mardam Bey has been
entrusted with the selection of
its members from nominations
submitted to him.

The Committee, it is thought,
will most likely include six party
leaders and Musa Alami, Sec-
retary of the Arab offices and
Palestine delegate to the Pan-
Arab League, as well as Ahmed
Himi Pascha, Director of Land
Redemption.

When finally formed, the
Committee will submit to the
Arab League a statement signed
by all members outlining the
Palestine Arabs' views on the
Bevin declaration. Later, repre-
sentatives will be appointed to
represent the Committee with
the Arab League.

Mardam Bey is reported as
saying that members of the
Arab League were surprised by
Mr. Bevin's statement in the
House of Commons that "Arabs
have met me well."

Mardam Bey is reported to
have said that the British Gov-
ernment's view was perhaps un-
officially communicated to the
Secretary-General of the Arab
League, Azam Bey, while the
latter was in London.

NOT COMMITTED

Mardam Bey declared that the
Arab League was not committed
to equalizing in continued Jewish
immigration at the rate 1,500 a
month, as proposed by Mr. Bevin.
The leading Christian Arab

CHRISTISON FORCE HELD ADEQUATE

BATAVIA, NOV. 21.
GENERAL CHRISTISON, THE BRITISH COMMANDER IN
JAVA, COMMANDS A SUFFICIENT FORCE TO DEAL
WITH ANY SITUATION HOWEVER THREATENING.
IT MAY APPEAR TEMPORARILY, IT WAS STATED
HERE TO-DAY.

THE R.A.F. IS BOMBING SEMARANG TO SMASH THE
INDONESIAN STRONG-POINT AT THIS STRATEGIC
TOWN WHICH IS PREVENTING A LINK-UP OF IN-
DIAN TROOPS.

One R.A.F. pilot said his
bombs set on fire transport re-
sembling Japanese trucks.

A. Sourabaya, from where
General Christison returned to
Batavia after a two-day visit, a
mob which surrounded a Mah-
ratta detachment lost 15 killed,
when the Indian troops opened
fire.

A report from a British Army
officer states that the Indonesian
in Sourabaya are strongly sus-
pected of using gas though no de-
tails are given.

Another report estimates the
Indonesian forces in Sourabaya
at 20,000 trained and well-armed
men. They have adequate local
control but apparently there is no
overall control, no general staff
and no coordinated plan of cam-
paign.

Indication of their armament
is given in a list of weapons cap-
tured which include 33 mortars,
one medium tank, seven light
tanks, 68 armoured cars, 70
vehicles, 100 machine-guns and
several hundred shot-guns, swords
and spears.

This formidable catalogue con-
cludes with "two bows and 20
arrows!"

According to the Netherlands
News Agency it is suspected that
a considerable number of young
Indonesians who are Japanese
trained and armed are reaching
Batavia by train. There is no
control on trains arriving in the
capital and it is easy for such
youths to spread themselves about
the city, says the Agency.

Indonesians in Batavia are now
using home-made grenades with
which they caused casualties to
the Seaforth Highlanders.

Increasing lawlessness of the
Indonesian element in Batavia has
caused the Soekarno administra-
tion to take action to discipline
its followers.

NO CHANGE
A communique issued to-day by
the "Government of the Republic
of Indonesia" announced that the
Peace Preservation Army would
be concentrated at various points
in Batavia, and appealed to the
public to put their confidence in
this organisation and refrain from
individual action.

A second communique said the
recent change in the Indonesian

Cabinet does not indicate any
change in foreign policy. The
new Cabinet claims recognition of
the full independence of Indonesia
by the world, and declares In-
donesia is prepared to assume her
duties as a member of the family
of free nations.

In the task of reconstructing
Indonesia the problem of foreign
property interests will have con-
siderable attention, said the com-
munique, adding "It is emphasised,
however, that the sovereignty of
the Indonesian people must at
ways be observed."

At The Hague to-day, Queen
Wilhelmina, opening the Dutch
Parliament, said she was "greatly
concerned" over events in Java.
"Ideas of revenge do not possess
us nor the establishment of
colonial domination," she said.
Reuter.

EXECUTED WITHOUT TRIAL ACCUSATION

Chungking, Nov. 21.
An official statement to-day
charged that the Communists had
executed without trial 70 civil
servants at Hwainan, Chahar
Province, on Oct. 10. It was
charged that the men took over
the municipal administration from
the Japanese. They were arrested
when the Communists captured
the town after a fortnight's fight.
Associated Press.

STOP PRESS

Chungking, Nov. 21.
Central Government troops
who broke into Manchuria
through the Great Wall were
approaching Hingchen on the
Peiping-Mukden railroad some
60 miles northwest of Shan-
haiwan, the Army newspaper
"Ho Ping Pao" reported to-
day.

The Nationalists encounter-
ed little resistance, the
paper stated. They had ad-
vanced 25 miles northwest of
yesterday's position. The
Communist-held port of Huludao,
17 miles northeast of Hing-
chen, would be captured in a
few days.

Communist sources in
Chungking drew attention to
what they described as "a
serious situation" in Central
China, where more than
100,000 Government troops
purportedly are massing. The
Communist spokesman said
large scale fighting was ex-
pected soon in central Honan
and northern Hunan provin-
ces, where 14 Government
divisions face the recently
joined Communist Eleventh
Route and New Fourth
Armies on a 100-mile front.—
Associated Press.

RADIO

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1945.

STUDIO.
HAL LORENZO (PIAN) &
RAY WALKER (VOG L).

ZBW HONGKONG Broadcasting on
a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from
12.30 to 1.00 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m.,
and 9.00 to 11.00 p.m. also on 9.62
Megacycles.

H. K. T.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Sum-
mary

12.35 p.m.—Nat Gonella & His Geor-
gians.

1.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.

1.10 p.m.—"Sonando to the Stars"—
ENBA.

1.25 p.m.—Marek Weber & His Or-
chestra.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

6.30 p.m.—Royal 1.—"William Tell"—
Orchestra & Ballet Music. Royal
—"Barber of Seville"—Leporello
Facetious—sung by Heinrich
Schlunau.

7.00 p.m.—London & Rala.—The News.

7.15 p.m.—Studio—Hal Lorenzo &
Ray Walker.

7.45 p.m.—R. A. F. Concert Orchestra
—ENBA.

8.05 p.m.—Dance Music by Joe L. &
His Band.

8.30 p.m.—"Do old Poets"—ENBA.

8.45 p.m.—New Symphony Orchestra.

9.00 p.m.—London Relay.—The News.

9.05 p.m.—"Services Music Hall"—
ENBA.

9.35 p.m.—Irene Dunne (Sop.) & The
New Light Symphony Orchestra.

10.00 p.m.—Favourite Stars in Humo-
rous Variety.

10.30 p.m.—Compositions of Tchaik-
owsky.

11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked "ENBA" are
recorded specially for Services Entertain-
ment by the Department of National
Services Entertainment.

Canton Prices Fall

Prices of rice and peanut oil,
two of the essential staples in
the Chinese diet, have shown a
considerable downward trend
throughout the last three days on
the Canton market.

Rice of the first grade fell in
price from C.N.\$9.200 to C.N.\$7.
200 per picul wholesale and local
peanut oil from C.N.\$11.600 to
C.N.\$9.600 per long of 28 catties.